



1	Andreas Späth (1790 - 1876) Alpenlied Song of the Alps	3'31
2	Conradin Kreutzer (1780-1849) Das Mühlrad <i>The Mill-Wheel</i>	5'04
3-4	Heinrich Proch (1809-1878) Schweitzers Heimweh Homesick for Switzerland Die gefangene Nachtigall The Captive Nightingale *	4'58 5'00
5	Johann Baptist Wenzel Kalliwoda (1801-1866) Heimathlied Song of Home	4'02
6-7	Franz Lachner (1803-1890) Seit ich ihn gesehen Ever Since I Saw Him Er, der Herrlichste von allen He, the Noblest of All*	4'52 4'43
8-9	Franz Schubert (1797-1828) Romanze Romance Der Hirt auf dem Felsen The Shepherd on the Rock	3'22 12'17
10	Johann Sobeck (1831-1914) Meine Heimat My Homeland	4'50
11	Johann Baptist Wenzel Kalliwoda (1801-1866) Der Sennin Heimweh The Homesick Milkmaid	4'52
12	Peter von Lindtpaintner (1791-1856) Der Hirt und das Meerweib The Shepherd and the Mermaid *	7'04
	* Premiere recording	Total Time 65'33

TrioKROMA

Elena Xanthoudakis soprano Jason Xanthoudakis clarinet Clemens Leske piano



Nineteenth century art song was firmly harnessed to the instrument found in every genteel home – the piano. Other available players were eagerly welcomed to the salon and editions were published with

ad libitum or obbligato parts for violin, flute, horn, cello, harmonium, and the instrument outstandingly raised in status by Mozart and Weber, and well suited in range and tone colour – the clarinet. The winning combination of voice, clarinet and piano delighted intimate gatherings and inspired many lovely works.

Musical history owes much to clarinettists whose talents stimulated a series of compositions: Anton Stadler with Mozart, Heinrich Bärmann with Weber, Richard Mühlfeld with Brahms, and Johann Simon Hermstedt in the case of both Spohr and Andreas Späth. Londonborn Henry Lazarus (1815-95), probably the finest English clarinettist of his day and an influential teacher, did much to popularise music with obbligato clarinet including the song by Kreutzer chosen here. Clarinets, like pianos, underwent significant technical improvements during the Romantic era. Domestic circumstances would often prompt the substitution of one 'obbligato' instrument for another of similar range: the clarinet taking a violin part for example.

That much of the music on this disc was long forgotten is symptomatic of the neglect of this repertoire. A 'Lieder recital' gradually established itself in the concert hall rather than the household, predominantly with voice and piano alone, and the twentieth century turned

a largely deaf ear to the perceived sentimentality or *Biedermeier* qualities of 'salon music'. Discovering items long overlooked can bring many rewards. One item in this recital, the iconic song for this combination, Schubert's *Shepherd on the Rock*, has always been admired and performed, and exerted its influence in subject matter and style on others heard here.

Most of our featured composers held court appointments. Schubert again is the notable exception as he had little affinity with that world. The early nineteenth century Kapellmeister was both court composer and orchestral conductor – the latter still a novel role. Kalliwoda, Kreutzer, Lachner, Lindpaintner, Proch and Späth all had busy careers as conductors both of concerts and in the opera house, and all of them composed operas too.

These songs frequently breathe and exhale pure mountain air. Countless contemporary verses were penned in praise of the Alps: love or longing for an Alpine homeland, its mountains, streams, woods and valleys, and its denizens - shepherds, milkmaids, the flocks and herds, the tinkling of their bells. This simple, sunny celebration of nature is occasionally clouded by doubt (the little hesitation in the penultimate line of the first Kalliwoda song), the urge to wander ('to wander is the Romantic condition', as Alfred Brendel writes), lovelorn loneliness, or the pain of homesickness. These emotions abound in the texts set here. Another commonplace of these Romantic lyrics is absence: yearning for a lost home or a distant beloved, or for both. German composers delighted too in mingling the natural and supernatural worlds both in opera and the Lied: spirits of mountain, of forest, and of the watery deeps, haunt the Romantic landscape.

Swiss melodies of hill and valley, Kuhreihen or Ranz

des vaches, ideally suited to improved clarinet technique and timbre, became a favourite in opera houses and the home. From the arpeggios that herald both *Der Sennin Heimweh* and *Der Hirt auf dem Felsen* to the joyous piping-in of the spring in the last section of the Schubert song we hear gentle echoes and sparklingly transfigured forms of yodelling.

Andreas Späth (1792-1876) was born at Rossach near Coburg and received his musical training at the Hofkapelle of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, excelling in composition, keyboard and clarinet. He took an appointment as organist in Switzerland in 1822 and from 1833 was music director in Neuchâtel, returning to Coburg as Kapellmeister and court organist in 1838. He composed 5 operas and wrote a significant corpus of clarinet music. This song of 1839, Op.167 No.7, was published as an appendix to his *Sechs Schweitzer Lieder*.

Conradin Kreutzer (1780-1849) was Kapellmeister first at Stuttgart and Donaueschingen (where he was succeeded by Kalliwoda), subsequently director from time to time of the Kärntnerthor and Josefstadt theatres in Vienna, and in Paris, Cologne and Mainz. Of his circa 40 operas Das Nachtlager in Granada (1834) had lasting renown; the others embrace the gamut of Romantic themes such as the Tyrolean Die Alpenhütte (1815) and the water-spirit Melusine (1833). On listening to the effective clarinet part here, it will come as no surprise that Kreutzer was a noted clarinettist; he composed much for his instrument. In Stuttgart he formed a lasting friendship with Ludwig Uhland whose verses he often set. Das Mühlrad (perhaps an apposite subject as Kreutzers's father was a Swabian miller!) has been

attributed to Uhland, but is adapted from a poem by Eichendorff usually known as *Das zerbrochene Ringlein*. The images of an endlessly turning millwheel (broken chord piano figures), a lover's ring forever broken, the poet's wish to escape life and so silence both the wheel and his grief forever are starkly but simply conveyed with subtle touches that would not disgrace the composer of *Die schöne Müllerin*.



Heinrich Proch (1809-78) was a well-known Viennese conductor and singing teacher; pupils included Materna, Dustmann and Tietjens, and his daughter Louise was a professional singer. He composed an opera, operettas and over 200 songs. Both examples here again express longing for home. *Schweitzers Heimweh* (Op.38, 1847) gives patriotic voice to a Swiss exile in an uncongenial land. In *Die gefangene Nachtigall* (Op.11, 1842) the misery of a caged nightingale pining for forest freedom is characterised by the piteously faltering repeated notes that begin the clarinet's introduction.

Johann Baptist Wenzel Kalliwoda [Jan Křtitel Václav Kalivoda] (1801-66) studied violin and composition

at the Conservatory of his native Prague. He spent most of his career conducting Prince von Fürstenberg's orchestra at Donaueschingen, married the opera singer Teresa Brunetti (1803-92), and their son Wilhelm served as Kapellmeister at Karlsruhe. Kalliwoda's output was large (Der Sennin Heimweh of 1862 is his opus 236), including 2 operas, orchestral, chamber and piano works; his songs were widely admired. Both Heimathlied (Song of Home) and the Der Sennin Heimweh are characteristically tender reflections on the theme of no place like home. Whenever the music strays into the minor mode, that mood is soon dispelled with a return to the major and affirmation of where the heart truly lies, comfortingly consoled by the clarinet's gentle yodelling. (The homesick girl of the second song is a Sennin: contraction of a word for an Alpine dairymaid, Sennerin.)

Schubert's friend Franz Lachner (1803-90) hailed from a talented Bavarian family of musicians, completed his studies in Vienna, then began his career as deputy Kapellmeister at the city's Kärntnerthor Theater, soon rising to principal Kapellmeister (alongside Conradin Kreutzer). After two years in Mannheim he became Hofkapellmeister at the Munich court (1836) until the advent of Wagner there in the mid-1860s. (Ironically Lachner's conducting paved the way for Wagner by improving orchestral standards and introducing Tannhäuser and Lohengrin.) Greatly respected in his day for his operas, choral works, 8 symphonies and other orchestral pieces, concertos, chamber music, many songs, organ and piano music, the products of this huge industry lay largely neglected for a century after his death. Lately there has been a notable revival of interest in his oeuvre. Influenced much by Schubert, Lachner also had a fondness for the 'trio' combination of voice, piano, plus horn or cello or clarinet.

The songs on this disc are from his *Frauenliebe und* –*Leben* Op.82 (published 1847), settings of the cycle of poems by Adalbert von Chamisso which Robert Schumann and Carl Loewe also used.



Die Verschworenen (The Conspirators) is a single act Singspiel completed in the spring of 1823 by Franz Schubert (1797-1828) to a libretto by Ignaz Castelli after Aristophanes. The Viennese censor demanded it be re-titled Der häusliche Krieg (Domestic Warfare). It met with as little success as any of Schubert's stage works, indeed no theatre would take it up. Ironically after its 1861 Frankfurt premiere it was enthusiastically received all over Europe. The plot, set in medieval Germany, concerns the wives of knights forever absent at war: they conspire to withhold their favours till the men agree to give up fighting and stay at home. The Romance with clarinet obbligato for the young wife Helen is one of the high points of the score.

Der Hirt auf dem Felsen was composed in October 1828, the month before Schubert's death. Designed as a display piece for a renowned Berlin opera singer Anna Milder-Hauptmann, it stands apart from the great world of his Lieder, not only by including clarinet obbligato, but in its scope, which resembles a miniature cantata. The memorable, graceful opening leads to a truly Schubertian middle section, and the final allegretto bubbles over in radiant anticipation of the spring. Unusually the text is chosen from two authors, Wilhelm

Müller (poet of the 2 great Schubert song cycles) and Karl August Varnhagen von Ense (the only verses Schubert ever set of this writer). Müller's lines for the first 4 verses come from his Der Berghirt (The Mountain Shepherd); Varnhagen's verses 5-6 (beginning In tiefer Gram; long misattributed to Helmine von Chézy) are from his poem Nächtlicher Schall (Nocturnal Sounds); Schubert freely adapts the final verse from Müller's Liebesgedanken (Thoughts of Love).

Johann Sobeck (1831-1914), born in Karlsbad, wind instrument in Meine Heimat is assured, idiomatic

of the macabre. Just as songs reflected the agendas Bohemia, was a clarinettist, trained at Prague addressed on a larger scale in opera, so there are famous Conservatory, who enjoyed a career of fifty years from examples of the Schauer-Lied: Goethe's Der Erlkönig 1851 as principal clarinet for the Court Orchestra at (most famously set by the young Schubert) and Heine's Die Loreley (as vividly set by Liszt). As with Schubert's Hanover. He composed much for his own instrument in a variety of forms – sonatas, concertos, wind quintets, boy and Liszt's fisherman, the music leaves no doubt opera fantasias and songs. As with the pieces by that Lindpaintner's shepherd is drawn to his doom by clarinettists Kreutzer and Späth, the writing for the enchantment. In this large-scale virtuoso setting the enticements of the mermaid's song have a dramatic and effectively married to voice and text. inevitability: he is lured to the fatal waters. © Derek Watson 2011 *** Of the composers represented here most, stylistically,

were heirs to Weber. None more so than Peter Joseph

von Lindpaintner (1791-1856), born in Koblenz,

conductor at Munich's Isartortheater from 1812,

and Kapellmeister at Stuttgart from 1819, where he

gained a fine reputation for his conducting and was

ennobled as 'von' by the King of Württemberg. Of

his 20 operas, several treat supernatural subjects in

the Schauerromantik vein of Weber's celebrated Der

Marschner's opera on the same subject) perfectly

Freischütz. Lindpaintner's Der Bergkönig (1825) and Der *Vampyr* (produced in the same year – 1828 – as Heinrich

illustrate this contemporary fascination with the thrill

| 1 | Alpenlied | Song of the Alps

Froh, durch blüthenvolle Gründe ziehn wir mit der Lämmer-Schaar; Kühlung spendend wehn die Winde, Duft steigt auf vom Bergaltar! Wenn die Silberglöckchen klingen laut der Echo Ton verhallt, Heerden hin und wieder springen, flocks jumping to and fro, o wie herrlich ist die Welt!

Seht, die Quellen rieseln weiter und wir ziehn mit ihnen fort; lichte Sterne sind uns Leiter, führen uns von Ort zu Ort! Jede Blume winkt uns leise selbst wenn sie der Mond erhellt. Jauchzend sing ich diese Weise: o wie herrlich ist die Welt!

Schweigt in euren goldnen Schätzen Mächtige! der großen Welt; die Natur soll uns ergötzen, wenn der Flitter euch entfällt. Sie nur lohnt mit reicher Gabe. Sie allein nur uns gefällt, sie nur trägt des Füllhorns Habe, o wie herrlich ist die Welt!

Merrily through the flower-filled meadows we travel with our herd of lambs; spreading their coolness, the winds blow, vapour rises from the mountain plateau! When the little silver bells ring the loud echo dies away, Oh, how glorious is the world!

See, the streams ripple on and we move onward with them; bright stars are our guide, they lead us from here to there! Every flower gently beckons us in the moonlight. Rejoicing, I sing this strain: Oh, how glorious is the world!

Revel in your golden treasures mighty ones of this great world! Nature shall delight us, when your spangles are no more. She alone rewards with richer gifts. She alone delights us, only she bares the horn of plenty, Oh, how glorious is the world!

|2| Das Mühlrad or The Mill-Wheel or Das verbrochene Ringlein

In jenem Thal dort unten da geht ein Mühlenrad, mein Liebchen ist verschwunden. das dort gewohnet hat.

> Sie hat die Treue versprochen, gab mir einen Ring dabei. Sie hat die Treue gebrochen, das Ringlein sprang entzwei.

Ich möcht' als Spielmann reisen wohl in die Welt hinaus, und singen meine Weisen und zieh'n von Haus zu Haus.

Ich möcht' als Reiter fliegen wohl in die blut'ge Schlacht, an stillem Feuer liegen einsam bei kühler Nacht.

Ich hör ein Mühlrad gehen, und weiß nicht, was ich will ich möcht' am liebsten sterben, dann wär's auf einmal still.

Ludwig Uhland - adapted from Josef von Eichendorff

The Broken Ring

In that valley down there turns a mill-wheel, my darling has gone, who used to live there.

She promised me her troth, she gave me a ring. She has been unfaithful, my ring cracked in two.

I would like to wander as a minstrel forth into the wide world, and sing my strains from house to house.

I would like to fly as a horseman into a bloody battle, to lie by a quiet fire alone in the cool of night.

I hear the mill-wheel turning, and know not what to do -I would like most to die, then at last I would have peace.

[3] Schweitzers Heimweh Homesick for Switzerland

Zieh'n die lieben gold'nen Sterne auf am Himmelsrand, denk' ich dein in weiter Ferne, I think of you far away, theures Schweitzerland.

Denk' an meine Lieben Alle aus des Lebens wüstem Schwalle from life's wild torrents reiss ich mich heraus.

Fremd steh'ich im fremden Lande, einsam, freudenleer, alone, friendless, Keiner der mich liebend nannte no one calls me beloved

D'rum erglüht ein heisses Sehnen in dem Busen mir in my breast und die Augen füllen Thränen. and my eyes fill with tears. Heim, zieht's mich zu Dir!

Hier fühl'ich die milden Lüfte I don't feel the mild breezes nicht die Brust unweh'n; on the breast here; athme nicht die würz'gen Düfte nor breathe the fragrant odours

Sehe nicht die Heerde springen, I don't see the herd jump

Ach! das Weh' im fernen Lande Ah! In the distant land wär ich heim in Vaterlande, were I in the homeland,

Dart around the golden stars on the horizon, Switzerland, dear country.

I think on all my friends heim im Vaterhaus, home in father's house, tear it from me.

I am a stranger in a strange land, mir begegnet wär. that I have encountered.

> Therefore the fervent longing glows Home, take me to you!

auf der Berge Höh'n. from the mountain heights.

die zu Berge zieht, along the mountainside, hör' das Alpenhorn nicht klingen I don't hear the Alpine horn sound nicht des Hirtenlied. nor the shepherd's song.

> jed'er Tag erneut's, each day begins again, in der lieben Schweitz. in beloved Switzerland.

|4| Die gefangene Nachtigall The Captive Nightingale

Diess Verlangen, diess Verlangen, in dem lustigen Wald zu sein und gefangen, gefangen; welche nahmenlose Pein!

Draussen singen sie die Lieder von dem ausgetraumten Traum; from an old dream; niemals sing'ich wieder never will I sing again auf dem alten Weidenbaum.

> Ach! gefangen, gefangen welche namenlose Pein!

Mond! Was kommst du aufgegangen, du beleuchtest meine Noth. Ach! gefangen, gefangen wär ich doch nur lieber todt.

Johann Ludwig Deinhardstein

This I long for, this I long for, to be in the lovely forest and imprisoned, imprisoned; what unspeakable suffering!

Outside, the birds sing songs on the old willow tree.

Oh! Captured, captured what unspeakable suffering!

Moon! Light coming from you only illuminates my distress. Oh! A prisoner, a prisoner were I but only dead.

|5| Heimathlied Song of Home

Treues, stilles Friedensthal, heimisch sind mir Deine Hütten; ihren Reichtum all zu mal, mag vor dir die Welt ausschütten, treues, stilles Friedensthal, gegen Schätze ohne Zahl tausch' ich nicht mein liebes Thal!

Heiter steig'ich früh hinauf, rings umher zu schaun vom Hügel, und das Aug' in freiem Lauf schweifet fröhlich ohne Zügel, und erlabt sich weit und breit, an der Landschaft Herrlichkeit!

Faithful, quiet, peaceful valley, homely are your cottages; even if all the world's riches were offered to me, faithful, quiet, peaceful valley, endless treasures I would not trade for my beloved valley!

Early morning, I cheerfully climb the hill, to view the scenery from the top, and my eye can freely gaze wandering joyfully without limits, and relishes from near or far, the landscape's magnificence!

Manches schönen Thales Grün reizt und fesselt dann mein Auge, der Bewohner emsig Müh'n schmückt es, daß ich Lust dran sauge; "Zögerst Du dahin?" Ach nein! Heimath kann nur eine sein!

Many a beautiful green valley excites and fascinates my eye, the inhabitants' eager efforts adorn it, and I drink in the sight with pleasure; "Why do you hesitate?" Ah, no! There is no place like home!

Attributed to Johann Baptist von Albertini

|6| Seit ich ihn gesehen Ever Since I Saw Him

wo ich hin nur blicke, wherever I but look, seh'ich ihn allein; I see him alone; wie im wachen Traume as in a daydream schwebt sein Bild mir vor, taucht aus tiefstem Dunkel, heller nur empor.

alles um mich her. all around me. Nach der Schwestern Spiele nicht begehr' ich mehr. Möchte lieber weinen, I would rather weep, glaub' ich blind zu sein.

Seit ich ihn gesehen, Ever since I saw him, glaub' ich blind zu sein; I believe myself to be blind; his image hovers before me, emerging from the deepest darkness, it becomes even brighter.

Sonst ist licht- und farblos All else is dark and colourless My sisters' games interest me no more. still im Kämmerlein; silently in my chamber; seit ich ihn gesehen, ever since I saw him, I believe myself to be blind.

Adalbert von Chamisso

[7] Er, der Herrlichste von allen He, the Noblest of All

Er, der Herrlichste von allen, He, the most noble of all, Holde Lippen, klares Auge, Lovely lips, clear eyes,

hell und herrlich, jener Stern; a brilliant, clear star; also er an meinem Himmel, so he is in my heavens, hell und herrlich, hoch und fern.

Wandle, wandle deine Bahnen, nur betrachten deinen Schein, nur in Demut ihn betrachten, selig nur und traurig sein! to be blissful and sad!

Nur die Würdigste von allen soll beglücken deine Wahl, shall be your lucky choice, und ich will die Hohe segnen, segnen viele tausendmal. many thousand times.

Will mich freuen dann und weinen, I will rejoice then and weep, sollte mir das Herz auch brechen, brich, o Herz, was liegt daran?

Adalbert von Chamisso

wie so milde, wie so gut! Oh, how gentle and so good! heller Sinn und fester Mut. bright of mind and determined.

So wie dort in blauer Tiefe, Just as there in the blue depths, bright, majestic and out of reach.

> Meandering on your way, only to watch your light, only to watch you in my meekness,

Only she who's truly worthy and I will bless her, the exalted one,

selig, selig bin ich dann; blissful, blissful will I be then; and if my heart should also break, break, Oh heart, what of it?

|8| Romanze Romance

Ich schleiche bang und still herum, das Herz pocht mir so schwer, das Leben däucht mir öd' und stumm, und Flur und Burg so leer. Und jede Freude spricht mir Hohn, und jeder Ton ist Klageton. Ist der Geliebte fern, trübt sich des Auges Stern.

Ach, was die Liebe einmal band, soll nie sich trennen mehr. Was suchst du in dem fremden Land, und weit dort über'm Meer? Wenn dort auch buntre Blumen blüh'n, kein Herz wird heißer für dich glüh'n, o bleib' nicht länger fern, Du meines Lebens Stern!

I creep around, anxious and still, my heart beats so hard, life seems dull and silent to me, and castle and meadow so empty. Every joy is a mockery to me, and every sound is a sound of mourning. My beloved is away, the star of my eye dwindles.

Oh, once love is bonded, never let it be separated. What do you seek in that foreign country, far across the sea? Even if more colourful flowers bloom there, no heart burns more passionately for you, Oh, stay away no longer, you, star of my life!

Ignaz Castelli

9 Der Hirt auf dem Felsen The Shepherd on the Rock

Wenn auf dem höchsten Fels ich steh', und singe. and sing.

Fern aus dem tiefen dunkeln Tal, schwingt sich empor der Wiederhall,

> Je weiter meine Stimme dringt, je heller sie mir wieder klingt, von unten.

Mein Liebchen wohnt so weit von mir, drum sehn' ich mich so heiß nach ihr, hinüber.

When, from the highest cliff I stand, in's tiefe Tal hernieder seh', down to the deep valley I peer,

> Far, out of the deep, dark valley, the echo soars upward, der Klüfte. from the chasm.

> > The farther that my voice resounds, the brighter it seems to rebound, from below.

My sweetheart lives so far from me, I long so much for her, o'er yonder.

In tiefem Gram verzehr ich mich, mir ist die Freude hin, auf Erden mir die Hoffnung wich, ich hier so einsam bin.

So sehnend klang im Wald das Lied, so sehnend klang es durch die Nacht, die Herzen es zum Himmel zieht mit wunderbarer Macht.

> Der Frühling will kommen, der Frühling, meine Freud', zum Wandern bereit.

> > Wilhelm Müller / K. A. Varnhagen von Ense

I am consumed by misery, for me, happiness is gone, no hope on Earth remains for me, I am so lonely here.

So longingly resounds the song in the forest, so longingly it sounds through the night, that the hearts are drawn to Heaven with a wond'rous power.

The springtime is coming, the springtime, my joy, nun mach' ich mich fertig now must I make myself ready to go a wandering.

|10| Meine Heimat My Homeland

Bei dir ist meine Heimat, fern von dir verzehrt die Seele sich in Sehnsuchtsqual. longs in pain. ist deines Auges Strahl.

> O könnt ich athmen nur in deiner Näh', dann wär plötzlich all mein Leid verschwunden.

Weiss du es nicht? Man stirbt an diesem Weh! Und in der Heimat nur kann man gesunden!

Bei dir ist meine Heimat.

By your side is my homeland, far from you, the soul itself Nur wo du weilst Only from where you are weh'n Heimatslüft mir blow homely breezes to me und Heimatsonn' and the sun of my homeland is the light from your eyes.

> Oh, if I could breathe only in your presence, then suddenly would all my sorrows be gone.

Didn't you know? One dies of such pain! And only in the homeland can one be truly well!

By your side is my homeland.

Anon.

11 Der Sennin Heimweh The Homesick Milkmaid

Tret' ich aus meiner Hütte ins stille Alpenthal und seh' die Gletscher glänzen im letzten Sonnenstrahl;

und hör' ich klagend rufen der Heimath Melodien, da will mich eine Sehnsucht fort in die Fremde zieh'n!

Fort über Thal und Berge, fort über Wald und See mit euch, ihr bleichen Wolken, ihr Sterne in der Höh!

Wo ich zum letzten Male den lieben Freund erblickt, wo er die letzten Grüße where tearfully he sent mir weinend nachgeschickt.

Im eignen Vaterlande erfasst das Heimweh mich: ich sehne in die Fremde for a faraway land, zum treuen Herzen mich!

Denn tief in's Herz geschrieben hat mir der Sehnsucht Hand: nur dorten, wo wir lieben, ist unser Vaterland.

I step outside my cabin into the peaceful Alpine valley and see the glaciers shining in the last rays of sunshine;

and I hear the plaintive call of melodies from my homeland, then a yearning strikes me, draws me away into foreign parts.

Away, over hill and valley, away over wood and lake with you, you pale clouds, you stars in the heavens!

Where, for the last time I beheld my dear friend, his last farewells.

Yet in my own native country I discover my yearning for that true love of mine!

For it is written deep in my heart by a longing hand: that there, wherever your Love is, is your Fatherland.

J. K. von Grünwald

|12| Der Hirt und das Meerweib

Schöner Hirte, in der Ferne wendet sich dein Missgeschick!
Darum folg'dem holden Sterne, er nur leitet dich zum Glück; und das Meer das sag't dem Strome, und der Strome erzählt's dem Bach, und dir lieben kleinen Wellen sagen's laut dem Bächlein nach und die Lüfte, die es hören tragen mild mein Lied zu dir!
Darum willst du glüklich wärden, schöner Hirte! komm' zu mir!
Schöner Hirte komm' zu mir!

Schöner Hirte tauche nieder in den grünen Meeresgrund, denn das Glück, das Du gesuchet, findest du bei mir zur Stund'; findest Reichthum findest Liebe, Silber, blankes Gold, Gestein, Demant, Perlen und Corallen.
Alles soll dein eigen sein.
Sollst als eigenmich besitzen, will dich hegen treu und gut.
Ja mein Arm soll dich umschlingen, mit der reinstem Liebesgluth!
Meine Lippe soll dich küssen, feurig glühend für und für!

Schlinge deinen Arm um meinem schöner Hirte, komm zu mir!
Meine Lippen soll dich küssen, feurig glühend, für und für!
O komm, zu mir! herab zu mir!
Nun bist du mein!

The Shepherd and the Mermaid

Handsome shepherd in the distance change your misfortune!
Therefore follow the lovely star, it only leads you to happiness; and the sea speaks to the river, and the river tells the stream, and the darling little waves say it aloud to the brooklet, and the breezes gently carry my song to you!
So, you want to be happy, most beautiful shepherd! Come to me!
Handsome shepherd come to me!

Handsome shepherd come down and dip in the green seabed, because the luck you search for, you will find with me; find riches, find love, silver, shiny gold, jewels, diamonds, pearls and coral. Everything shall be yours. You shall have me alone, I will please you well and good. Yes, my arms will embrace you, with the pure glow of love! My lips shall kiss you, fiery red-hot, again and again!

Sling your arm around me handsome shepherd, come to me! My lips should kiss you, fiery glowing, on and on! Oh come, to me! Down to me! Now you are mine!



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Jason Xanthoudakis (clarinet) was awarded his Diploma and Graduate Diploma in Music (Performance) from the Sydney Conservatorium where he studied with Frank Celata, Mark Walton and James Nightingale. He also studied at the Victorian College of the Arts with David Thomas, Phillip Miechel and Dr Peter Clinch and received his Master of Music from the University of Melbourne. He has also studied in Paris, Amsterdam and London. Jason has won the 3MBS Performer of the Year Award - Hephzibah Menuhin Memorial Award as well as many prizes in various music and concerto competitions including being a laureate at the Gisborne International Music Competition.

Jason has a busy performance schedule including performances with the Australian Opera and Ballet Orchestra, the Sydney Symphony Orchestra, Tasmanian Symphony Orchestra, Orchestra Victoria and the Melbourne Symphony Orchestra, as well as frequent solo recitals and concerto appearances with orchestras and wind ensembles in Australia.

Jason has performed several live broadcasts on Australian radio and has recorded for ABC Classic FM and the Melbourne Symphony Orchestra. He has arranged/transcribed more than 50 works for saxophone and clarinet and is very active in the field of Contemporary Music. He encourages composers to write music for saxophone and clarinet and over 20 works have been dedicated to him. He has written articles for various woodwind magazines, including the Australian Clarinet and Saxophone Magazine, and has

conducted masterclasses throughout Australia and Asia. www.jasonxan.com

Clemens Leske (piano) has been concerto soloist with all of Australia's symphony orchestras (Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide, Tasmanian, West Australian and Queensland) and has regularly performed with the Australian String Quartet, the Australian Chamber Orchestra, the Moscow Virtuosi and at such festivals as the Barossa International, Huntington, Spring and Adelaide and was recently soloist with the Bangkok Symphony performing the Schumann piano concerto for the King of Thailand's 50th birthday.

Leske has released six albums of solo piano and chamber music. In May 2005 he gave his London debut in the Royal Festival Hall, performing Rachmaninov's *First Piano Concerto* with the London Philharmonic Orchestra.

Recent appearances have included four performances as soloist with the Sydney Symphony at Angel Place and the Opera House, performing Mozart's K413 *Piano Concerto in F*, a performance of Mozart's K467 *C Major Concerto* at the Sydney Myer Music Bowl with the Melbourne Symphony, a national tour with the very successful "Steinway Spectacular" stage show, three performances of Strauss' *Burleske* with the Sydney Symphony under the baton of Vladimir Ashkenazy and a recent national tour in partnership with world-renowned flautist Sir James Galway. He is currently Lecturer in Piano at the Sydney Conservatorium of Music.

www.clemensleske.com

Elena Xanthoudakis (soprano) holds a Bachelor of Music (Honours) and a Graduate Diploma of Opera from the Victorian College of the Arts and a Master of Music from the University of Melbourne. On scholarship at the Guildhall School of Music

and Drama, London, she received her MMus with distinction. Elena also studied at the Maggio Musicale (Florence).

Elena has won over 80 first prizes in competitions and Eisteddfodau including winning the Maria Callas International Grand Prix (Oratorio-Lied), Salzburg International Mozart Competition, Adam Didur Opera Singers' Competition, Australian National Liederfest, Performing Australian Music Competition(London) and a laureate in Placido Domingo's 'Operalia'. She is a Borletti-Buitoni Trust Artist.

Elena's concert engagements have ranged from Bach cantatas to Orff's *Carmina Burana* and she has also sung with the Melbourne Symphony Orchestra, Tasmanian Symphony Orchestra, Royal Scottish National Orchestra, Scottish Chamber Orchestra, Orchestra of the Age of Enlightenment, St Petersburg Camerata, Krakow and Poznan Filharmonia Orchestras. In concert and recital, Elena has performed in Tokyo, Hong-Kong, Wiesbaden, St Petersburg, Montreal, Quebec-City, Salt-Lake City and throughout Australia, UK, Ireland, Poland and Italy.

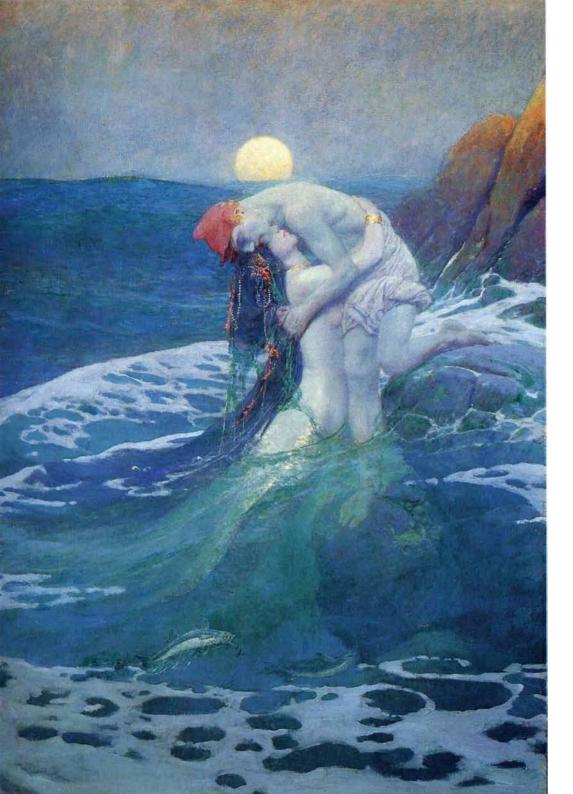
Elena has sung for such companies as the Royal Opera House, Covent Garden, English National Opera, Scottish Opera, Opera North (Leeds), Opera du Quebec, Opera National du Rhin (Strasbourg), Maggio Musicale (Florence), Victorian Opera (Melbourne), Pinchgut Opera (Sydney) and BBC Proms.

Operatic roles include: Lucia Lucia di Lammermoor, Adina L'élisir d'amore, Amina and Lisa La Sonnambula, Matilde Matilde di Shabran, Jemmy Guillaume Tell, Clorinda La Cenerentola, Contessa di Folleville Il viaggio a Reims, Blonde Seraglio, Pamina The Magic Flute, Euridice and Genio L'anima del filosofo, Leila The Pearl Fishers, Anne Truelove The Rake's Progress, Frasquita Carmen, Krista The Makropulos Case, Xenia Boris Godunov, Dido Dido and Aeneas, Miss Schlesen Satyagraha.

Elena's CD recordings include: Jemmy Guillaume Tell (Accademia di Santa Cecilia – EMI), Euridice and Genio L'anima del filosofo (Pinchgut Live), Krista The Makropulos Case (ENO - Chandos), Mendelssohn's Lobgesang (Tasmanian Symphony Orchestra - ABC Classics).

DVD: Frasquita *Carmen* (ROH 2007 & 2011 in 3D). www.elenaxan.com





TRIOKROMA

ELENA XANTHOUDAKIS soprano

JASON XANTHOUDAKIS clarinet

CLEMENS LESKE piano

Producers: Lyle Chan: 21/9/10, 13/12/10 and Bob Scott: 20/9/10, 8-9/11/10 Executive Co-producer: Elena Xanthoudakis Engineer: Bob Scott Studio Technician: Daniel Brown Editing and Mastering: Thomas Grubb Recorded at Trackdown Studios - Sydney Dates recorded (by track number): 1, 3, 6 and 12 on 8/9/10; 4, 7 and 10 on 9/9/10; 2 and 5 on 20/9/10; 11 on 21/9/10; 8 and 9 on 13/12/10 Graphic Designer: Anna Plotka Cover painting: Howard Pyle (1910) Language Coaches: Stephan Loges, Tanja Binggeli Translations of song texts © Elena Xanthoudakis Photo of TrioKROMA © Bridget Elliot Photos of Elena Xanthoudakis © Richard Campbell

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